

Monomial:

Degree of a monomial:

Polynomial:

Standard Form:

Coefficient of the first term is called the leading coefficient.

Degree of Polynomial:

Put in standard form; identify degree and leading coefficient of polynomial:

$$-4x + 3x^2 - 2 + 4x^3$$

Polynomial names

Monomial -

Binomial -

Trinomial -

monomial	<u>2x</u>
binomial	$\frac{2x}{1} + \frac{3y}{2}$
trinomial	$\frac{2x^2+3x+5}{\frac{3}{2}}$
polynomial	$\frac{3x^3}{1} + \frac{2x^2}{2} - \frac{6x}{3} + \frac{2}{4}$

Adding Polynomials - just add like terms
$$(5x^3 - 3x + 2) + (3x^3 + 2x^2 + 5x)$$

Subtracting Polynomials - distribute a -1 then add like terms. $(6x^5 - 3x) - (-4x^5 + 2x - 5)$

$$(5x^3-2x+1)-(2x^2+4x)+(x^3+5x^2-8x)$$

Try These 1)
$$(4m^2 - m + 2) + (-3m^2 + 10m + 7)$$
 2) $(-n^2 + 2n) - (2n^3 - n^2 + n + 12)$

SUMMARY:



11.1 Add and Subtract Polynomials

PRACTICE

Directions 1-3: Put each polynomial into standard form and find the degree.					
1) $5x^2 - 4x^3 + 5$	2) $10x^6 - 13x^7$		3) $6 - 4g^2 + 7g + 5g^3$		
Directions 4-10: Find each sum or difference.					
4) $(5a^2-3)+(8a^2-1)$		5) $(7k^2 + 2k - 6) +$	$-(3k^2-11k-8)$		

6)
$$(4m^2 - m + 2) + (-3m^2 + 10m + 7)$$

7) $(6c^2 + 3c + 9) - (3c - 5)$

8)
$$(-n^2+2n)-(2n^3-n^2+n+12)$$

9) $(9b^3 - 13b^2 + b) - (-13b^2 - 5b + 14)$

10)
$$(9p^2 - 6p + 3 - 11p) + (7p^3 - 3p^2 + 4) - (5p^2 - p^3 + 10)$$

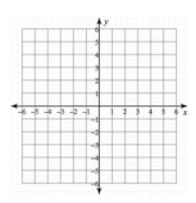
Directions: Describe and correct the error below:

11)
$$(6x^2 - 5x) - (2x^2 + 3x - 2)$$

 $6x^2 - 5x - 2x^2 + 3x - 2$
 $4x^2 - 2x - 2$

SKILLZ REVIEW					
Graph.	List all pairs of numbers that multiply to	Which number pair contains the			
	the given number.	largest perfect square?			
1) x + 5y = -10	2) 48	3) Use 48			
ây.					
5					
3					
2 1					
-6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 1 2 3 4 5 6 x					
-2					
-4					
-5					

4) 3x + y = -5



5) 42

6) Use 42

10.1 Add and Subtract Polynomials

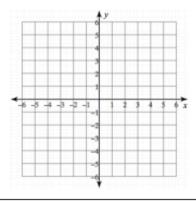
APPLICATION

Directions: Simplify each expression:

1)
$$(7x^3 - 5x^4 - 7x) - (6x^4 + x^3 - 4x)$$

1)
$$(7x^3 - 5x^4 - 7x) - (6x^4 + x^3 - 4x)$$
 2) $(4 - 7v^3 - 3v - 7v^2) + (3v^4 + 7v^2 + 6v^3 + 1)$

4) 3x + y = -5



5) 42

6) Use 42

11.1 Add and Subtract Polynomials

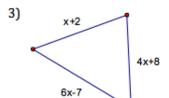
APPLICATION

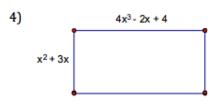
Directions: Simplify each expression:

1)
$$(7x^3 - 5x^4 - 7x) - (6x^4 + x^3 - 4x)$$

1)
$$(7x^3 - 5x^4 - 7x) - (6x^4 + x^3 - 4x)$$
 2) $(4 - 7v^3 - 3v - 7v^2) + (3v^4 + 7v^2 + 6v^3 + 1)$

Directions: Write a polynomial that represents the perimeter of the figure.



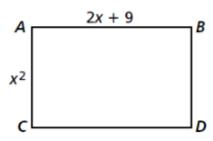


5) Mr. Brust and Mr. Kelly have invested some of their money in the stock market, which has been fluctuating over time. The projected value of Mr. Brust's assets after t years is $t^3 + 2t^2 - 3t + 400$. Mr. Kelly's projected assets after t years is $t^4 - 5t^2 + 100$.

- a) How much did each of them invest?
- b) What is their combined wealth after 7 years?
- c) What is their combined wealth after t years?

5)

Find the perimeter of rectangle ABCD in terms of x.



6)

The area of the square is $4x^2 - 2x - 6$ in². The area of the triangle is $2x^2 + 4x - 5$ in². What is the area of the shaded region?

