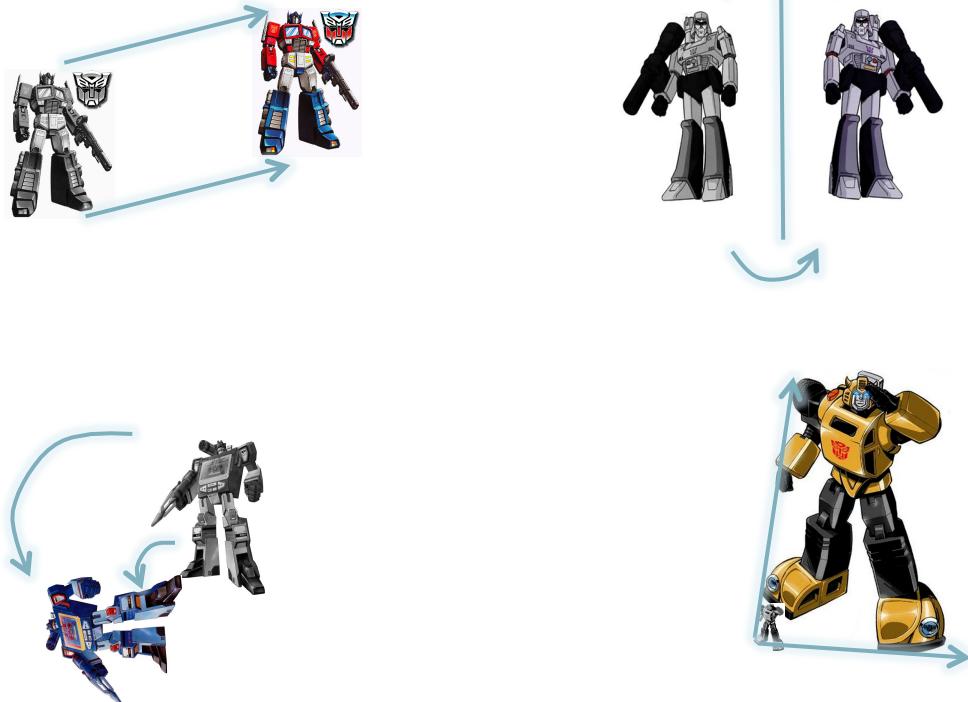


Write your questions here!

Transformations

A transformation is when an image is changed in some way. The change could be a change in size, shape, or position. The following images have been transformed:



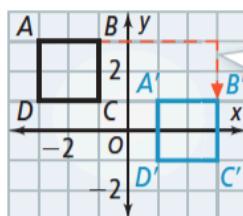
Translations, Reflections and Rotations are called _____ because the image is congruent to the _____.

Translations

take note

Key Concept Translation

The diagram at the right shows a translation in the coordinate plane. Each point of the black square moves 4 units right and 2 units down. Using variables, you can say that each (x, y) pair in the original figure is mapped to (x', y') , where $x' = x + 4$ and $y' = y - 2$. You can use arrow notation to write the following *translation rule*.



B moves 4 units right and 2 units down.

PACKET 8.1: TRANSLATIONS

Write your questions here!

Example 1:

Finding the Image of a Translation

What are the images of the vertices of ΔPQR for the translation $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 2, y - 5)$? Graph the image of ΔPQR .

What does the rule tell you about the direction each point moves?

$x' = x - 2$ means that each point moves 2 units left. $y' = y - 5$ means that each point moves 5 units down.

Identify the coordinates of each vertex. Use the translation rule to find the coordinates of each vertex of the image.

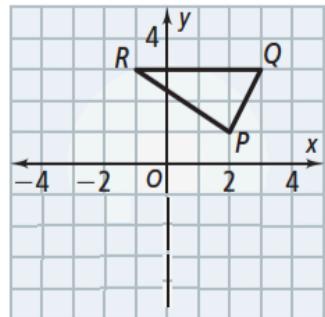
$$(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 2, y - 5)$$

$$P(2, 1) \rightarrow$$

$$Q(3, 3) \rightarrow$$

$$R(-1, 3) \rightarrow$$

To graph the image of ΔPQR , first graph P' , Q' , and R' . Then draw $\overline{P'Q'}$, $\overline{Q'R'}$, and $\overline{R'P'}$.



There are three ways to write a translation:

_____ or _____ or _____.

For example, a translation that moves a point 4 units right and 3 units down can be written as follows:

$P(x, y) \rightarrow$ _____ or _____ or _____.

(Algebraic Rule)

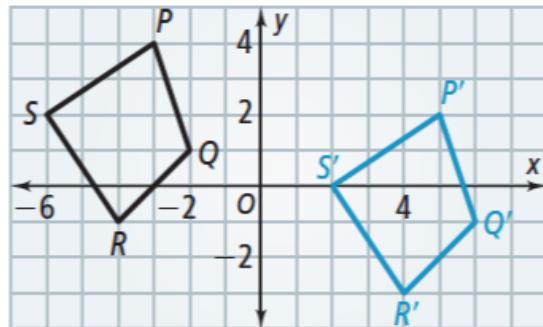
(Shorthand)

(Vector notation)

Example 2:

Writing a Rule to Describe a Translation

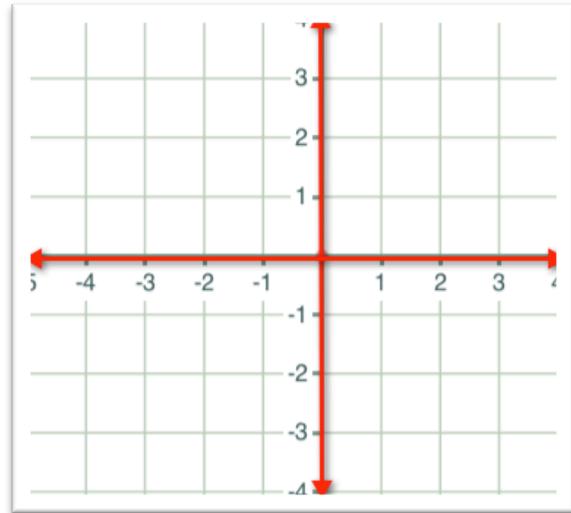
What is a rule that describes the translation $PQRS \rightarrow P'Q'R'S'$?



Write your questions here!

Example 3:

Graph the image of the figure $C(1, -2)$, $A(-2, 1)$ $T(-3, -3)$ using the rule 1 unit left and 2 units up. Then, write the translation rule.

**Example 4:**

Write an algebraic rule to describe the transformation:

$$\begin{aligned} C(2, 1), O(0, 0) L(-5, 4), D(-2, 1) \\ \text{to} \\ C'(0, 1), O'(-2, 0) L'(-7, 4), D'(-4, 1) \end{aligned}$$

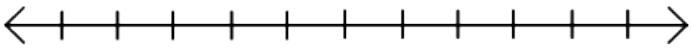
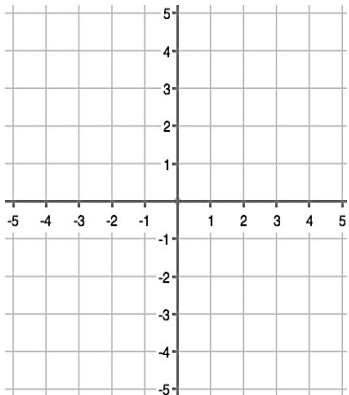
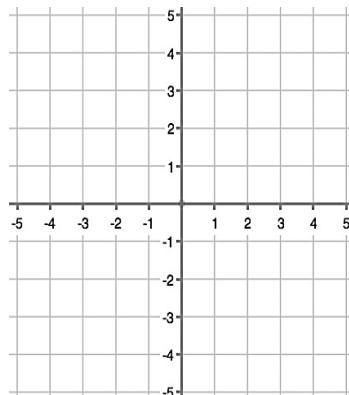
Example 5:

Write an algebraic rule to describe the transformation:

$$\begin{aligned} F(5, -2), R(10, 0) E(-5, 12), D(0, -3) \\ \text{to} \\ F'(23, -16), R'(28, -14) E'(13, -2), D'(18, -17) \end{aligned}$$

Now, summarize
your notes here!

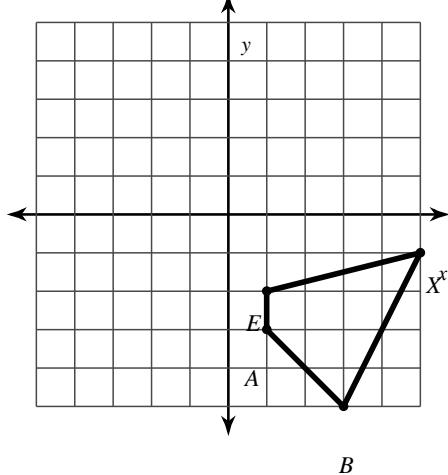
[PACKET 8.1: TRANSLATIONS] 5

Solve each equation for x!	
<p>1. $-2x - 3 > 15$</p>  <p>Factor!</p>	<p>2. $2x - 5 - 2 = -4 + 3x - 5$</p> <p>Factor!</p>
<p>3. $3x^2 + 5x - 12$</p>	<p>4. $(x^2 - 9)$</p>
<p>5. Graph the equation: $2y = 2 - x$</p> 	<p>6. Graph the equation: $3x + 2y = 12$</p> 

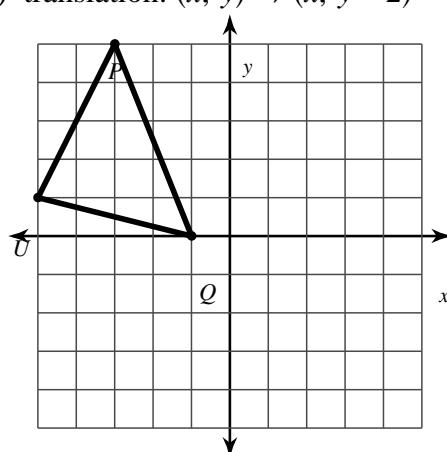
Bist du bereit die Beherrschung-Check meistern? (Translate that!)

Graph and label the image of the figure using the transformation given.

- 1) translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 4, y + 3)$



- 2) translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x, y - 2)$



Find the coordinates of the vertices of each figure after the given transformation.

- 3) translation: 2 units left and 3 units up
 $A(4, -5), S(3, -2), E(5, -5)$

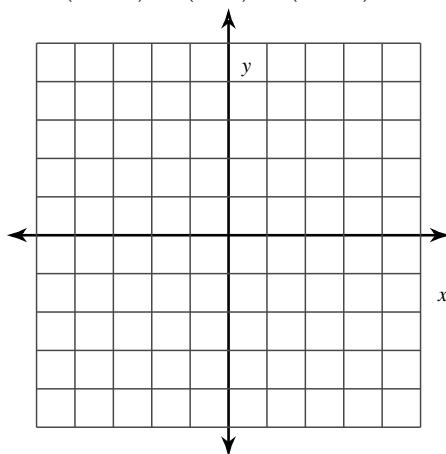
- 5) translation: 3 units up
 $U(4, -3), P(3, 1), S(5, 1)$

- 4) translation: 1 unit left and 1 unit up
 $D(-4, 0), J(0, 3), H(-1, -1)$

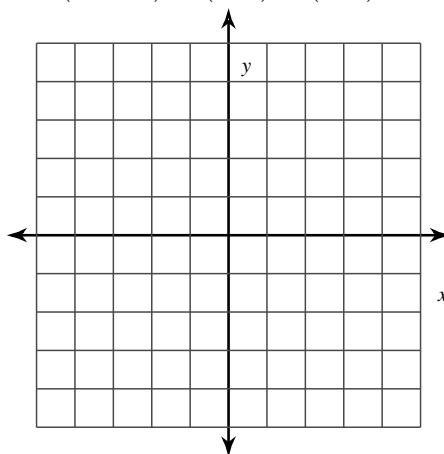
- 6) translation: 1 unit right and 2 units down
 $C(-1, -3), W(2, -2), N(4, -3)$

Graph the image and the preimage of the figure using the transformation given.

- 7) translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 5, y + 4)$
 $C(2, -3), V(3, 1), R(5, -2)$

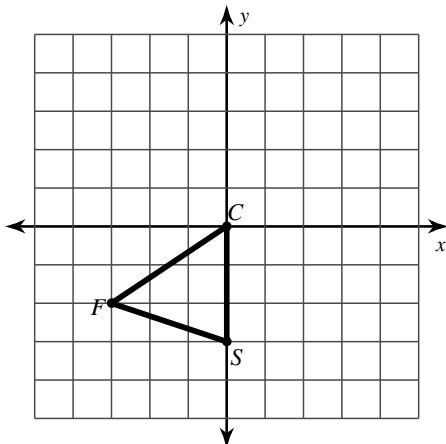


- 8) translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 1, y + 4)$
 $R(-3, -3), D(0, 1), C(1, 0)$

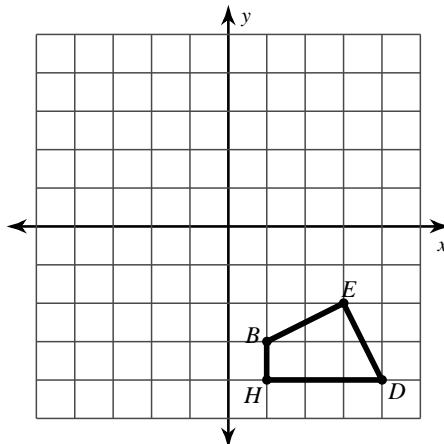


Graph the image of the figure using the transformation given.

9) translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 3, y)$

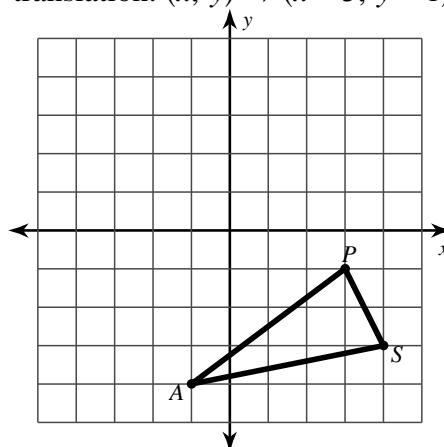


10) translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 1, y + 5)$

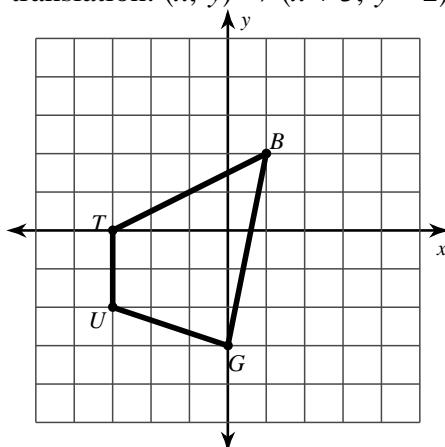


Find the coordinates of the vertices of each figure after the given transformation.

11) translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 3, y - 1)$



12) translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 3, y - 2)$



13) translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 5, y + 4)$

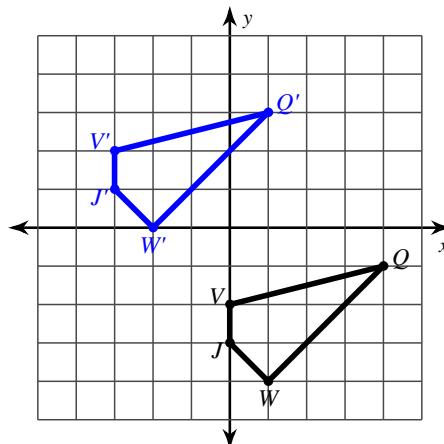
$H(1, -1)$, $W(2, 0)$, $E(4, -5)$, $Y(3, -5)$

14) translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 6, y - 3)$

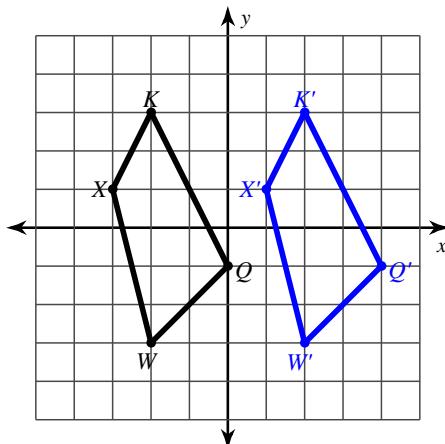
$M(-4, 4)$, $Z(-4, 5)$, $E(-1, 5)$, $K(-1, 3)$

Write an algebraic rule to describe each transformation.

15)



16)



17) $L(-5, -3)$, $X(-4, -1)$, $J(-3, -1)$, $Z(-5, -5)$

to

$L'(-2, -2)$, $X'(-1, 0)$, $J'(0, 0)$, $Z'(-2, -4)$

18) $V(-1, -3)$, $T(-3, 0)$, $B(-3, 1)$, $R(1, -2)$

to

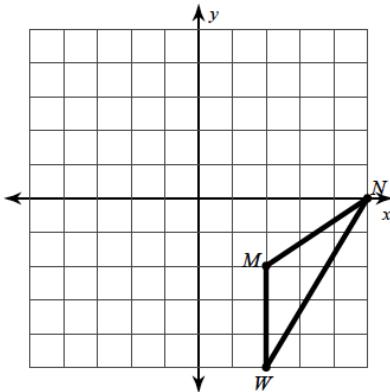
$V'(2, -2)$, $T'(0, 1)$, $B'(0, 2)$, $R'(4, -1)$

4 | PACKET 8.1: TRANSLATIONS

8.1 Application and Extension

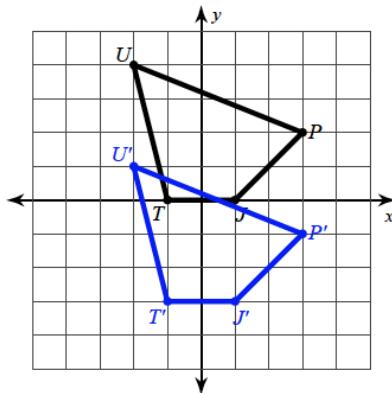
Graph the image of the figure using the transformation given.

- 1) translation: $(x, y) \rightarrow (x - 2, y + 5)$



Write an algebraic rule to describe each transformation.

- 2)



- 3.
- On graph paper draw quadrilateral WARM whose vertices are $W(1, -3)$, $A(2, -5)$, $R(6, -4)$, and $M(6, -3)$.
 - Using the same axes, graph and label quadrilateral $W'A'R'M'$ where $W \rightarrow W'$ under $T_{-2, 5}$.
 - Using the same axes, graph and label quadrilateral $W''A''R''M''$ where $W' \rightarrow W''$ under $T_{-4, -2}$.
 - Using your graph, name a single translation that is equivalent to $T_{-2, 5}$ followed by $T_{-4, -2}$.

